# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

STATE OF OKLAHOMA, $et$	al.	)	
]	Plaintiffs,	) )	
v.		)	Case No. 4:05-cv-00329-GKF-PJC
TYSON FOODS, INC., et al.	Defendants.	) ) ) )	

DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO EXCLUDE DEFENDANTS' EXPERT REPORT REGARDING THE FEASIBILITY OF PLAINTIFFS' HYPOTHETICAL ALUM REMEDIATION STRATEGY (Dkt. No. 2242)

**EXHIBIT 8** 

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

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W. A. DREW EDMONDSON, in his )
capacity as ATTORNEY GENERAL )
OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA and )
OKLAHOMA SECRETARY OF THE
ENVIRONMENT C. MILES TOLBERT,)
in his capacity as the
TRUSTEE FOR NATURAL RESOURCES)
FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA,
            Plaintiff,
                            ) 4:05-CV-00329-TCK-SAJ
VS.
TYSON FOODS, INC., et al,
           Defendants.
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THE VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF DAVID CHAPMAN, produced as a witness on behalf of the Defendants in the above styled and numbered cause, taken on the 6th day of April, 2009, in the City of Tulsa, County of Tulsa, State of Oklahoma, before me, Lisa A. Steinmeyer, a Certified Shorthand Reporter, duly certified under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Oklahoma.

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1	(Whereupon, the deposition began at
2	8:35 a.m.)
3	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the Record for
4	the deposition of David Chapman. Today is April
5	6th, 2009. The time is 8:35 a.m. Counsel, please 08:35AM
6	identify yourselves for the Record?
7	MR. DEIHL: I'm Colin Deihl representing
8	Cargill.
9	MR. HIXON: Philip Hixon representing
10	Peterson Farms: 08:36AM
11	MS. XIDIS: Claire Xidis for the State of
12	Oklahoma.
13	MS. MOLL: Ingrid Moll for the State of
14	Oklahoma.
15	VIDEOGRAPHER: And on the phone, please? 08:36AM
16	MS. BRONSON: Vicki Bronson for Simmons
17	Foods.
18	VIDEOGRAPHER: Thank you. You may swear in
19	the witness.
20	DAVID CHAPMAN
21	having first been duly sworn to testify the truth,
22	the whole truth and nothing but the truth, testified
23	as follows:
24	DIRECT EXAMINATION
25	BY MR. DEIHL: 08:36AM

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1	these choices.	
2	Q What did you tell them about water clarity in	
3	the survey?	
4	A We told them that it would return to	
5	conditions that were about 1960 and depending on	01:54PM
6	whether or not the program was put in place or not	
7	in different time periods.	
8	Q And upon what did you base that statement that	
9	it would return the water to 1960 levels?	
10	A From conversations with the natural scientists	01:54PM
11	and multiple conversations and discussions with	
12	the natural scientists about what the sort of water	
13	clarity should have looked like.	
14	Q So if I wanted to know how the natural	
15	scientists determined what the water clarity looked	01:55PM
16	like in 1960, I'd have to talk to them?	
17	A Yeah.	
18	Q Was there any data that you reviewed that	
19	talked about the level of water clarity in 1960?	
20	A Again, I'm not a natural scientist. I looked	01:55PM
21	at the various reports. I'd have to go back and	
22	identify each of them to see what I did. To	
23	identify sort of what types of information they were	
24	developing, I looked at some of their modeling	
25	results to sort of make sense of what they were	01:55PM

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1	saying and trying to understand what they were		
2	saying. So I looked at those sorts of information.		
3	Q How was the year 1960 chosen; do you know?		
4	A It was a period at which provided reasonable		
5	touchstone about the quality of the environment 01:56PM		
6	before these changes, and it was developed I think		
7	specifically through conversations between Dr.		
8	Bishop and some of the natural scientists.		
9	Q You said earlier that you didn't know what an		
10	individual respondent thought about whether the 01:56PM		
11	one-time alum program would result in clarity into		
12	perpetuity; correct?		
13	A Again, I'm not inside the head.		
14	Q Understood.		
15	A That's what makes this job challenging is 01:56PM		
16	trying to identify information and so		
17	Q Didn't you ask them follow-up questions to ask		
18	them what they considered?		
19	A Uh-huh.		
20	Q And you did that for each respondent; correct? 01:57PM		
21	A Yes, we did.		
22	Q And what did those follow-up questions		
23	conclude about what they considered?		
24	MS. XIDIS: Objection to form.		
25	A To answer your question sufficiently, I'd have 01:57PM		

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of the survey that a particular program would return 1 the water to water clarity levels of 1960 and that 2 would be enough? 3 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 4 I don't believe that would be enough. 02:26PM 5 As long as they believed you? 6 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 7 That they believed me? 8 Believed the surveyors. 9 Believed the information presented in the 10 02:26PM survey? 11 12 Yes. Given they believed the information in the 13 survey, they would be basing their answers in that 14 survey on that information. 02:26PM 15 Correct, and it wouldn't matter to the survey 16 results whether the information presented in the 17 18 survey was factually accurate or not? MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 19 02:26PM 20 I didn't say that. There's lots of information. Some of it is factual; some of it's 21 this sort of information. So I wouldn't say that. 22 What was the basis for the information in the 23 24 survey about effects on fish and other biota? Again, we often talked to the natural 02:27PM 25

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scientists, and Dr. Bishop was the lead communicator 1 with the natural scientists, but we often talked 2 with the natural scientists about effects of -- that 3 were going on in the river and lake and how we were 4 presenting it and making sure we were accurately 02:27PM 5 representing what they understood to be the 6 situation, and so the natural scientists were the 7 basis of that information. 8 Did you have any scientific support for that 9 information other than your conversations with the 10 02:27PM natural scientists on the plaintiff's team? 11 I personally did not. You would have to check 12 with others in the team. 13 We talked earlier about the statement in the 14 survey that 60 percent of the phosphorus loading 02:28PM 15 came from poultry litter and 40 percent came from 16 other sources, and you said that you had told the 17 18 respondents that the other 40 percent was being treated. Did I hear you correctly? 19 20 I don't know if I used the word treated. 02:28PM I don't think you did use the word, but what 21 22 word would you use? I could tell you because we said it, so let me 23 24 tell you. Was the word addressed? 02:28PM 25

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1	this text as it sits in this version right here.	
2	Again, it's it was a team effort. Multiple	
3	people talked and worked on the whole survey	
4	multiple times.	
5	Q Were you involved in writing the verbiage you	02:30PM
6	just read to me?	
7	A Yes, I was.	
8	Q When the language, the State is doing	
9	additional things to reduce phosphorus in the	
10	Illinois River was written, did you talk to anyone	02:31PM
11	about whether or not that statement is accurate?	
12	A I'm sorry, where are you reading?	
13	Q It's on Page A-14 after it says flip card to	
14	next page, the following sentence.	
15	A Okay. The State is doing additional things.	02:31PM
16	I'm sorry, your question again?	
17	Q Did you talk to anyone about whether or not	
18	that statement is accurate?	
19	A Yes.	
20	Q Who did you talk to?	02:32PM
21	A Talked to the natural scientists and talked to	
22	the attorneys in the case, the State.	
23	Q So you base that statement on your discussions	
24	with the natural scientists and the attorneys in the	
25	case?	02:32PM

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1	A Yes.	
2	Q The same would be true about the previous	
3	paragraphs that you read to me; did you base that on	
4	your conversations with the natural scientists and	
5	the attorneys in the case?	02:32PM
6	A No, I didn't say that.	
7	Q Okay. What did you base those other two	
8	paragraphs on, the ones you read aloud?	
9	A I said I told you those were parts of the	
10	scenario we developed to make people understand that	02:32PM
11	the problem could be fixed.	
12	Q And why did you feel it was important to tell	
13	people that the State of Oklahoma was taking action	
14	to reduce the amount of new phosphorus that goes	
15	into these rivers and lakes from these other	02:33PM
16	sources?	
17	A Because, again, we only wanted our respondents	
18	to provide us their willingness to pay or provide us	
19	their answers to a question that dealt with that	
20	period between that addressed was addressed by	02:33PM
21	that period in our scenario, and this removes part	
22	of that period from our scenario.	
23	Q Based on this statement, the respondents	
24	believed that the State of Oklahoma was taking	
25	action to reduce the amount of new phosphorus that	02:33PM

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1	MS. XIDIS: Objection to form.	
2	A I'm not sure what we led them to believe. We	
3	provided information to them.	
4	Q You told them that it would return water	
5	clarity to 1960 levels; correct? 03:08PM	
6	A The survey provided the information that it	
7	would return water clarity to about 1960 conditions.	
8	Q And why did you pick 1960 conditions?	
9	A As I said before, we talked to the natural	
10	scientists about what seemed to be a good reference 03:08PM	
11	point in water clarity, and that was the date that	
12	was determined as being reasonable and, again, Dr.	
13	Bishop specifically talked to the natural scientists	
14	about these dates.	
15	Q Why didn't you use a 1980 baseline to be 03:09PM	
16	consistent with CERCLA?	
17	MS. XIDIS: Objection to form.	
18	A I don't understand the question.	
19	Q Well, you implemented this CV study especially	
20	for this litigation; right? 03:09PM	
21	A Yes.	
22	Q And CERCLA was enacted after 1960; correct?	
23	A Yes.	
24	Q The natural resource damages provision of	
25	CERCLA. So why didn't you use the 1980 date as the 03:09PM	

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baseline date instead of the 1960 date? 1 1980 has nothing to do with the date of 2 baseline. 3 What does 1960 have to do with it? 4 It's the relative conditions that the 03:09PM 5 environment would be in but for the changes. 6 Why didn't you go to 1950? 7 Because, again, in talking with the natural 8 scientists, the date that seemed about right to 9 present was 1960. Now, 1960, remember, is just an 10 03:10PM indication of what the environment should have 11 looked like but for the release, but for the change 12 in the environment, change in the quality of the 13 environment. So we're just telling people -- giving 14 15 them a reference point that things in the past used 03:10PM to look better. If we do something, we can get the 16 environment back to those conditions where they used 17 18 to look better. Do you know what the difference in water 19 clarity was between 1960 and 1980? 03:10PM 20 I'm not a natural scientist. I haven't looked 21 at the data. I can't tell you. 22 Did the natural scientists look at that? 23 You'd have to ask them. 24 Α Okay. So, again, you picked 1960 based on the 03:10PM 25

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recommendation of the natural scientists? 1 We picked 1960 as a date in the past when 2 things used to look better, that we could present to 3 people that things used to look better, and if we do 4 something, we can get the environment to look better 03:11PM 5 and it would look better like in the past, like in 6 about 1960. 7 Could you have picked 1962? 8 9 Would it have made any difference to the 10 03:11PM results? 11 I don't believe so. 12 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 13 1965? 14 Q MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 03:11PM 15 I can't tell you because we didn't test that. 16 Okay. So 1960 was an arbitrary date that you 17 18 picked sometime in the past? MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 19 20 Again, it's not arbitrary. We talked to the 03:11PM natural scientists about what we were looking for. 21 And what did you tell the natural scientists 22 you were looking for? 23 24 Again, Dr. Bishop had most of these communications, but in some of the communications I 25 03:12PM

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had with them, what we told them was we were trying 1 to understand what the environment would have looked 2 like without all these additional nutrients, and 3 when in time -- because it's helpful for people to 4 understand these things, when in time is a 03:12PM 5 reasonable time to have told people it sort of looks 6 like that, and 1960 is what they provided us. 7 Who did you say had those conversations with 8 the natural scientists? 9 I had some; Dr. Bishop had some. Dr. Bishop 10 03:12PM is really the key communicator with all of the 11 natural scientists on our team. 12 Okay. Which natural scientists did you and 13 Dr. Bishop talk to? 14 I can't specifically tell you all the natural 03:13PM 15 scientists that Dr. Bishop talked to. 16 17 Who did you talk to? 18 I talked to Dr. Cooke, Dr. Welch, Dr. Stevenson. One time I talked to Dr. Wells. Those 19 20 are the people I remember talking to. I may have 03:13PM talked to others, I think Dr. Fisher, and then also 21 just to note, you know, this was a common discussion 22 and topic in our focus groups about people that had 23 24 been here for a long, long time. We had a number of people who had been in the region for a long, long 25 03:13PM

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time, and we talked to them about what it looked 1 like in the past. 2 MR. DEIHL: Why don't we take a break for 3 the tape change. 4 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the Record. 03:14PM 5 The time is 3:13 p.m. 6 7 (Following a short recess at 3:13 p.m., proceedings continued on the Record at 3:25 p.m.) 8 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the Record. 9 The time is 3:25 p.m. 03:25PM 10 Mr. Chapman, how did you select the scope 11 version for this study? 12 When you say we, how did I, you mean the team? 13 Yes. 14 0 We identified a scenario that we felt 15 03:25PM adequately described different size good to 16 respondents and tested that out. 17 18 Anything else? Those were the main things, tested it, and as 19 20 with everything, revised it, updated it as we went 03:26PM through the process. 21 Is there any science to the selection of the 22 23 proper scope? 24 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. The scope comes from, again, one of the 03:26PM 25

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there, so we presented a range and showed a 1 sensitivity analysis with the effect of our 2 decisions on that range. 3 Didn't you also assume that the relationship 4 between phosphorus loading from the application of 04:15PM 5 poultry in 1981 and water quality were the same as 6 they are today? 7 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. 8 Could you repeat? I'm sorry. 9 Didn't you also implicitly assume that the 10 04:16PM relationship between phosphorus loadings from the 11 application of poultry litter in 1981 were the same 12 as they are today? 13 14 Α No. 15 Why not? 04:16PM We assumed that the injuries -- we didn't 16 assume. We evaluated whether or not the overall 17 18 injuries during that time period would have been similar. 19 04:16PM 20 How did you do that? As we described in the report, we talked to 21 the natural scientists. We had them work with us to 22 develop whether or not the average injury levels as 23 24 we described during those different time periods were similar or not, and as we presented here, on 04:16PM 25

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average over those two different time periods, they 1 were very similar. 2 So the -- did you do anything to verify that 3 the baseline water quality was the same in 1981 as 4 it is currently? 04:17PM 5 The baseline water quality is the quality of 6 the environment that would have existed without the 7 releases, and that would be similar to now. 8 And what did you base that on? 9 That the overall level of the environment 10 04:17PM without those releases would be similar, talking to 11 the natural scientists. 12 Okay. So you based it on conversations with 13 the natural scientists? 14 Yeah. 04:17PM 15 Okay. Did you do anything to verify that the 16 poultry industry hasn't changed since 1981? 17 18 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. I'm -- specifically for this, whether the 19 poultry industry changed over that time period, I've 20 04:18PM seen graphs that have shown -- we discussed how 21 things have changed in our main survey. So we had a 22 fair amount of information that showed how the 23 24 poultry industry has changed over that time. And did you take that into account in this 04:18PM 25

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benefits transfer? 1 This transfer is about the total amount of 2 changes in the environment from all sources. 3 So did you take into account the fact that the 4 poultry industry has changed since 1981 in your 04:18PM 5 benefits transfer? 6 To the degree that it's fed into the changes 7 in the environment we talked to the natural 8 scientists about, then, yes. 9 Okay, but you assumed that the injuries were 10 04:19PM the same; correct? 11 We present the discussion that we talked about 12 here that from talking to the natural scientists, 13 the injuries on average were about the same. Some 14 15 years they could have been higher, some years they 04:19PM could have been lower as we described here, but on 16 average they're about the same. 17 18 And that's based on these conversations with the natural scientists? 19 04:19PM 20 Yes. What can you tell me about the accuracy of 21 benefits transfers like this study; are they as 22 accurate as the original studies? 23 24 MS. XIDIS: Objection to form. The accuracy of a benefits transfer study 04:19PM 25 Α

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